BOOK NOTICES AND REVIEWS.

The Vitamins in Health and Disease. By BARNETT SURE, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Chemistry, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Arkansas. April 1933, pages xiv + 206, 4 tables. Price \$2.00. Publishers, The Williams & Wilkins Company, Baltimore, Maryland.

There are several texts which discuss the properties of vitamins, chemical procedures used in isolation and identification and general methods of testing for the presence or absence of these essential constituents in various food stuffs.

The necessity for the inclusion of adequate amounts of the various vitamins in our diet has been stressed. They are essential for reproduction, milk secretion, appetite, bone and tissue building, growth, resistance to an infection, dentition, etc., etc.

Doctor Sure has written a very interesting book in non-technical language in which the discovery of vitamins, and their necessity in the diet are discussed as a basis for presentation of the effects observed when the diet is deficient. Vitamins A, B, C, D, E and G are each presented for our consideration, their occurrence mentioned and the effect on animals and on humans following the consumption of inadequate quantities very clearly presented. One chapter deals with the vitamin content indicating the particular foods which are rich, as well as the particular foods which are poor in each vitamin. A diet is given which will ensure an adequate amount of vitamins, for infants as well as for adults. The reason for the development of vitamin concentrates, and the rôle of vitamins in health and in disease is very effectively presented. The book closes with the suggestion that by proper attention to diet, including optimum vitamin content, we can help the present situation in which almost one-half of our population are physically imperfect and 3,000,000 people annually are seriously ill. Dr. Sure has presented a readable and interesting discussion of this important problem.—James C. Munch.

The Mode of Action of Drugs on Cells. By A. J. CLARK, B.A., M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Professor of Materia Medica in the University of Edinburgh, formerly Professor of Pharmacology in the Universities of London and Cape Town. Author of "Applied Pharmacology," 1933, pages vii + 298, 62 figures. Price \$6.25. Publishers, Williams and Wilkins Company, Baltimore, Md.

So much attention has been directed to the qualitative action of drugs (pharmacology), in order to establish this as a science, that our attention has not been concentrated on the quantitative measurements of drug action (bioassays). It is, therefore, very timely to pause and consider just how much information we have regarding the mode of action of drugs on cells and the proper mathematical or statistical consideration of pharmacological data. Within the last five years papers have begun to appear dealing with the statistical consideration of pharmacological data. "The majority of pharmacological data expressing equilibria between drugs and cells approximate to an exponential form." Unfortunately, there has been a tendency to obscure the inherent variations in pharmacological data and hide our ignorance behind a formula, which may or may not have any relation to the law governing drug action.

Dr. Clark has rendered a real service in pointing out the necessity for consideration of proper statistical treatment. In the thirteen chapters of this book the living cell is considered as a physical chemical system, fixation of drugs considered in the light of physical laws, the mechanics of equilibria discussed, various theories regarding the action of drugs presented and used to account for the mode of action of various hormones as well as vitamins; drug antagonism and temperature effects as well as the action of radiation on living cells are presented.

The mathematics are presented in a very interesting fashion and serve as a basis for a conclusion "that the only studies in quantitative pharmacology that are likely to yield results of theoretical interest are those made on the very simplest systems."

Considered from the philosophical standpoint, evidence is presented that "the simplest
probable conception of drug action is that
potent drugs occupy certain specific receptors
on the cell surfaces, and that these specific
receptors only comprise a small fraction of the
total cell surface." This concept has been
adapted from studies in physical chemistry
and serves to explain very plausibly some of
the rather startling figures: ouabain fixed by a
frog heart cannot cover more than 3 per cent
of the surface of the cell; the amount of lysin
reacting with a human erythrocyte is just
sufficient to cover the cell surface with a
monomolecular layer; the protein content of

the smallest micro-organism compatible with life is that limit required to form a monomolecular surface layer; a man weighing 70 kilos has 26 times 10^{12} cells, so a daily maintenance dose of calciferol (vitamin D concentrate) of 0.1 gamma per kilo will supply 100 molecules to every cell in the body; the product of light activation in the retina is more potent than any known hormone; the toxicity of thallium sulphate for rats can be measured with a probable variation of 17 per cent, ouabain 8.3 per cent, adrenalin 71 per cent on mice.

A careful study of this book will dispel many of the wild notions and foolish theories encountered in some of the current literature. This book will prove very useful to all students of drug activity.—James C. Munch.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

A Model Code for Self-Governing Industries, under the National Industrial Recovery Act, Dr. A. P. Haake. Issued by the National Association of Manufacturers. Single copies may be obtained free—address Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C., or 11 West 42nd St., New York City.

Merck & Co. have published an illustrated booklet marking the occasion of the opening of their Research Laboratories. It contains also addresses delivered during the dedication corresponses

Manual of Pacific Coast Drug Plants. By ERNST T. STUHR. Author of Medicinal Plants of Florida, Native Drug Plants of Nebraska, Medicinal Trees of the U. S. A., Oregon Drug Plants. Science Press, Lancaster, Pa. Price \$2.65.

This *manual* is a handsome Morocco (semi-flexible) bound volume, recording over eleven hundred plant species.

A consideration of the medicinal plants thriving throughout the Pacific slope states—presenting the scientific and common names, part used, therapeutic uses and approximate range of the respective plants. Especially adapted as a reference of existing economic plants.

The Economic Aspects of Medical Services. The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, Ill. A reprint, with slight condensation, of Chapters 34 and 35 of "The Costs of Medical Care," by I. S. Falk, C. Rufus Rorem and Martha D. Ring (The University of Chicago Press, 1933). This volume, which is Publication Number 27 of the Committee on the Costs of Medical Care, is a summary of all of the Committee's

studies as well as of other investigations in this field. It does not contain the recommendations of the Committee. These appear in the "Final Report," Publication Number 28.

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